



## The Daily Republican.

HAMSHER & MOSSER,  
1. K. HAMSHER, J.  
1. E. MOSSER.DECATUR, ILLINOIS:  
Thursday Evening, Sept. 21.

## National Republican Ticket.

For President,  
RUTHERFORD B. HAYES,  
of Ohio.  
For Vice President,  
WILLIAM A. WHEELER,  
of New York.

## Republican State Ticket.

For Governor,  
SHENLEY M. CULLOM,  
of Sangamon.  
For Lieutenant Governor,  
ANDREW SHUMAN,  
of Cook.  
For Secretary of State,  
GEORGE H. HARLOW,  
of Tazewell.  
For Auditor of Public Accounts,  
THOMAS B. NEEDLE,  
of Washington.  
For Treasurer,  
EDWARD RUTZ,  
of St. Clair.  
For Attorney General,  
JAMES K. EDGALL,  
of Lee.For Congress,  
JOSEPH G. CANNON,  
of Vermilion county.  
For Member of the Board of Equalization,  
WILLIAM T. MOFFETT,  
of Macon county.Legislative Ticket.  
For Representatives,  
THOMAS J. ABEI, of Macon county.  
WM. L. CHAMBERS, of DeWitt co.

## Republican County Ticket.

For Clerk of the Circuit Court,  
E. McCLELLAN,  
For Sheriff,  
MARTIN FORSTMYER,  
For State's Attorney,  
JOSEPH BROWN,  
For Coroner,  
DR. CASS CHENOWETH.

## ANOTHER ENTERPRISE

A gentleman residing at Madison Indiana, has written to a party in this city, saying that he desires to come here and start a starch factory. He has had a large experience in the business, and has some capital. What he wants is a partner or partners who can furnish the capital necessary to prosecute the business successfully. The advantages of Decatur as a manufacturing point have been so often set forth that a repetition of them is hardly necessary, but it may not be out of place to say that the very things needed in the manufacture of starch are to be found here in abundance. Will not some of our capitalists embrace the opportunity?

In the course of a speech at Machias (Me.) Sept 8, Gen. Thomas W. Conway, of New York, made the following statement:

"I was authorized by the governor of New York in 1862 to organize a second battalion of the Ninth New York Volunteers. The necessary expense had to be provided by subscription. John Van Buren, James T. Brady, and Mayor Havemeyer contributed liberally, with George Opdyke, William Curtis Noyes, and other republicans. John Van Buren, and James T. Brady urged me to go to see Samuel J. Tilden. I went to Tilden, who said he would rather give money to bring back the soldiers than to send any more into the south."

This statement created a profound sensation upon the large assembly present.

## RESPECTFULLY DECLINED.

In order to test the good faith of the democrats who are so ready to claim Jimmy Williams' election by from 12,000 to 15,000 majority, a gentleman of this city visited the democratic state central committee rooms yesterday, and offered to bet \$250 that Williams would not be elected. Those present in the room told him they would try to accommodate him this morning but could not do so then. He next proposed to wager \$10,000 that Tilden would not carry New York, and all they could say to that was that Mr. Morrissey had such matters in charge, and they would have to refer the world to him. The democracy at the Indiana headquarters evidently don't want to bet any more than they want to engage in joint discussions. The gentleman offers to bet \$100 that neither bet is taken, and he will visit the rooms again this morning to receive an answer to his propositions. He sent a dispatch to Mr. Morrissey last night offering a bonus of \$250 to take up the \$10,000 bet.—Ind. Jour.

Linn & Scruggs have just received all numbers of Madame Foy's skirt supporting corset, Mrs. S. A. Moody's abdominal corset, and the Jacqueline corset. Also, a complete assortment of Glow-Fitting and French corsets, of superior makes, and at the lowest prices.

21-dwrt

The Commercial Institute, on the west side of the old square, is now open for students both day and evening. For particulars call at the rooms.

18-dwrt

A party wishes to exchange dry goods for good land with good railroad communications, and near Decatur Illinois preferred. Address Post Office box 162, Decatur Illinois, with full description of property makes, and at the lowest prices.

## THE REASON WHY.

It is said that the capture and delivery of Tweed to the government of the United States by the Spanish authorities is in return for the courtesy of the United States in returning, ten years ago, a Spanish slave trader named Arguello, who sold his cargo of slaves in the interior of Cuba, having landed them at an obscure port, and fled to this country with the proceeds. In the absence of all extradition requirements, our government handed him over to the Spanish authorities, it being represented that unless he was returned the negroes could not be identified, and so would remain in slavery. In this matter President Lincoln acted upon his own responsibility. On the night of May 11, 1864, Arguello was arrested by the United States Marshal at New York, taken on board a Spanish man-of-war, and there surrendered. He was taken to Cuba tried sentenced and executed. The democrats of this free country were of course terribly outraged by this proceeding, declaring it to be a violation of the rights of asylum and utterly without the warrant of law. A democratic grand jury indicted the Marshal for kidnapping. Among the loudest of the democrats in denouncing the surrender of the slave trader was Samuel J. Tilden, and among the resolutions of the Chicago convention of 1864 is one written by the great reformer, referring to the matter in terms of heated indignation. Secretary Seward, in a letter which ranks among the best of his state papers, defended the surrender of Arguello as in accordance with the constitution and treaties of the United States. It is thought that Mr. Tilden will oppose the surrender of Tweed as bitterly as he did that of Arguello; and perhaps he has good reason to fear the surrender of his boss.

SAID Bob Ingersoll at Columbus

If there is one thing makes me mad it is a man claiming to be superior because he robs somebody else. [Laughter.] I believe I am superior to the average Democrat and to the average negro, so superior that I will try to make a living without stealing from him. The South are afraid the negro will pass them, and they will pass them if they don't cease trying to strike them down. He is the most honest, he is in favor of liberty; he is in favor of government. I tell you Mr. Whitehead of the South, you have got to look out or the negro will become the superior race in the South. The only way you can beat him is by being just or he, more patriotic than he, and you don't seem to be doing much at that lately. [Laughter.] Mr. Democrat, if you can't climb don't bother other people—let the deserving negro pass. [Laughter.] Suppose here is a race open to all kinds of horses, mules and oxen, donkeys—for I want to be fair to all parties. There is the blooded horse, and there is the scrub and the mule and the donkey, and they all come on the great race course, and it is a beautiful day, and the drum tape and the start together. Will the blooded horse that is ahead of all the rest, with his fine neck, with his high withers, mane flying, with his eyes flashing, with his nostrils distended, will that horse care how many mules and donkeys they run on that track? [Laughter.] But old Cuckolderry, with his tail full of barns, jumping up high and digging down into the ground with little short jumps, when he feels the breath of the coming mule upon his cockleberry tail, he flies the track and says, "I am down on donkey equality." [Laughter.] Allow me to say to that the Republican party is the blooded horse of this race. [Applause.] As I said, I am not afraid of their passing us. We will protect them. As long as they are citizens of this government they shall be protected.

We object to the rule of the solid south, and the answer that comes to us is that we are abusing the southern people. We deny that we are doing any such thing. The class of politicians that led the southern states into war, manifesting amazing incapacity and indiscretion throughout, are the worst enemies of the south. The humiliations of that section are chargeable to them. They are responsible too, for the failure to accept at its best and improve to its utmost the situation at the close of the war. No class of politicians anywhere have been more troublesome and costly to the people who have trusted them. The ambition of these men not satisfied. They are cured of secession, but not of the old notion that all opposition to their wishes is necessarily sectional, wrong, and deserving the wrath of God and the rebuke of man. Slavery is abolished, but these men never were the holders of the multitude of slaves, and the southern claims, and the cry of southern wrongs answers them every purpose that slavery served. They are rebelling their old wives, that is all; and it seems they can depend upon the democratic party as always. We are in favor, for the south, no less than the north, of the dissolution of the old form of Solid South & Democratic party. It never was a partnership for legitimate business, and means mischief now more than ever.—Cin. Com.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The president has appointed John L. Tate, U. S. marshal for the southern district of Mississippi, in place of W. B. Rodmond. A committee has been appointed to raise funds here for stricken Savannah. In the safe burglary case, to day, District Attorney Wells spoke for nearly two hours, endeavoring to show the connection of General Babcock and Somerville with the conspiracy against Columbus Alexander. The court room was crowded.

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## NOTABLE FACT

It is a significant fact that no American who ever opposed the prosecution of a war in which his country was involved, with a solitary exception, was ever elected to the Presidency.

Take the Revolutionary war of 1776. Many men of high social position, talents, and integrity, and estimable citizens in every other respect, joined the anti-war or Tory party. The name Tory was not at that time one of reproach, but signified one who was in favor of the established order of things; but long before the war closed the word Tory was an epithet of reproach as much as the modern term "scalawag" is to-day, and the gentlemanly and cultivated Tories of the Revolution in New York, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and the Carolinas, sank into insignificance. After the war, to prove a charge of Toryism on a candidate, was to ruin him.

A still larger class of more influential, cultivated, and wealthy politicians opposed the war of 1812. They were known as the leaders of the Federal party. They were soon dubbed "Blue Light Federalists," and were swept out of existence. Several of them aspired to the Presidency afterwards, but were ingloriously defeated, with the one exception alluded to, Buchanan, who although a Federalist when a young man, quickly saw his blunder, and went over to the Democracy. Then came the Mexican war. The Whigs, led by Mr. Clay, believed that the war was wrongfully begun, but their patriotic instincts prompted them to throw themselves in front of the contest, they got most of the laurels and the glory of the war, and elected General Taylor President.

Opposition to the war for the Union not only sounded the political death-knell of the brightest intellects of the Democratic party, as Breckinridge, Davis, and Benjamin, but overwhelmingly defeated General McClellan and Governor Seymour for the Presidency. Even Mr. Greeley's integrity, talents, and wide fame as a Union editor did not save him from defeat, simply because he was the candidate of the party which opposed the war for the country. As a leader of the anti-war party of 1861, Governor Tilden may read his doom in the fate of the Tories of '76, the Blue Lights of 1812, and the Copperheads of 1861.—Louisville Courier.

MR. LOUIS J. JENNINGS, an Englishman who spent several years in America and then returned to England, submits testimony that bears out the assertion that the English language is spoken better in America than in England. In a recent letter he writes:

"It is difficult to describe pronunciation by writing signs, and the style of talk which is fashionable now cannot be explained to any one who has not heard it. It seems to consist in a general clipping and mincing of words, mixed with a curious drawl, the effect produced upon the ear being that of a new language. It is a fact that I often find great difficulty in understanding what I hear said, and am actually obliged to ask to have some remark repeated. The word here is pronounced very much as I have heard negroes pronounce it in the South, 'fivo' is turned into 'pleashaw,' later into 'latar,' and so forth. No examples, however, can give an intelligible idea—or indeed of the affectation and the desire to be fine which are working such curious transformations in our mother tongue on this side of the water. It needs Professor Lowell to do justice to the subject."

Lost—a small pocket case of surgical instruments. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning the same to my office in post office block.

20-3d

DR. J. S. KING.

For Reul.—The clothing store in Post Office block, now occupied by Louis Fall is for rent. Enquire on the premises.

July 18th

Domestic Paper Fashions, the best patterns in America, sold at M. Goldburg's. Catalogues free.

May 2 dwtw

Patents procured by L. P. Graham, at 23 West Wood street.

July 31 dwtw

40 Acres of Good Pasture for Rent.—About two miles northwest of Decatur, with running water. This pasture has had no stock on it this season, and is in excellent condition. For particulars apply at this office. [unclear]

July 18th

PATTERNS AND CATALOGUES.

Madame Demorest's ladies' and children's Patterns for the fall and winter styles of 1876, just received by 20-3d

LINN & SCRUGGS.

POMEROY, O., Sept. 20.—The local steamboat, J. N. Roberts, exploded her boilers at the wharf, at 1 p.m. to day. Several persons were injured, one supposed fatally, and possibly another still in the wreck. The boat is a total loss.

BEAVER, UTAH, Sept. 20.—Judge Boreman, charged the jury in the case of John D. Lee, charged with complicity in the Mountain Meadow massacre, and they retired at 11:45 a.m., and at 3:30 p.m. returned with a verdict of "Murder in the first degree."

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